



Culture and Adventure 2024



# MEXICO

**DATES:** 28 - July Till 04 - August, 2024

**REGISTRATION DEADLINE:** March, 30, 2024

**FAMILY STAY:** From July - 14 Till July - 27, 2024

**AGE:** Girls from 16 to 19 years old AND Boys from 16 to 18 years old

**CAMP FEE:** 360 € Euro

**LANGUAGES:** English and Spanish

**CAMP CAPACITY:** 15 People

## PLACES YOU ARE GOING TO VISIT

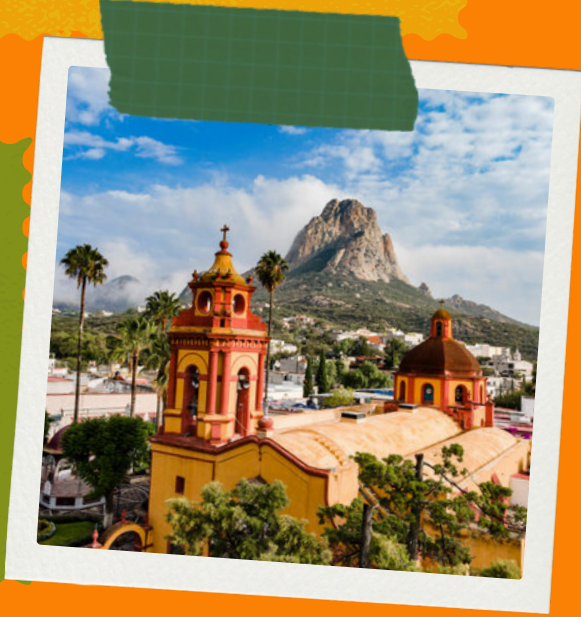


### MICHOACAN

It is one of the richest states in lakes, forests and other natural beauties.

### QUERÉTARO

This place has a mix between the contemporaneity of its creative metropolis, with the vibrant past of its Historic Center, to the natural wonders of its Sierra Gorda.

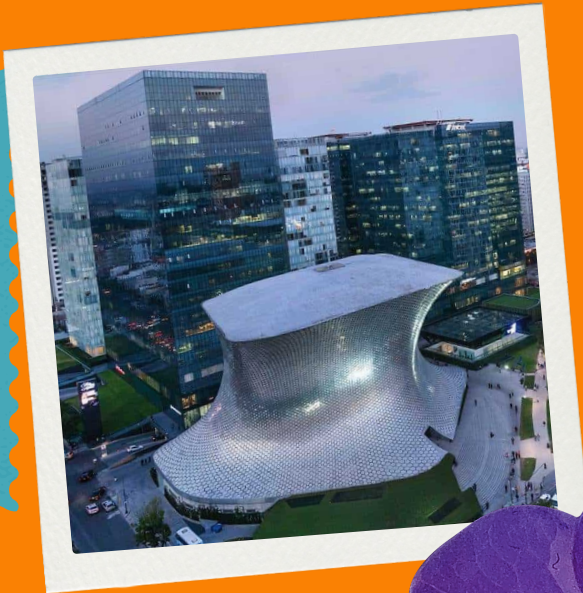


### HIDALGO

Mountains, Haciendas, Sierra Huasteca, and natural Water Parks, constitute Hidalgo's tourist heritage.

### CDMX

Mexico City is known as the Cultural Capital of America, is the epicenter of the most important ancient buildings, museums and skyscrapers.



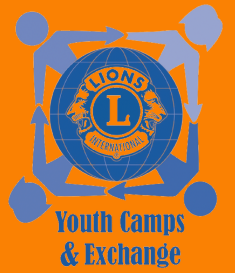
### TEOTIHUACAN

Teotihuacan remains today the most visited ancient site in Mexico. It is listed by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site.





# Tour of the camp



## Michoacán

TOUR

1

- Morelia.
- Santa clara del cobre.
- Zirahuen.



## Queretaro

TOUR

2

- Bernal Peak.



## Hidalgo

TOUR

3

- XOXAFI Caves.
- Tolantongo Water Park.
- The Basaltic Prisms of Huasca de Ocampo.
- The Acosta Mine in Real del Monte.



## CDMX

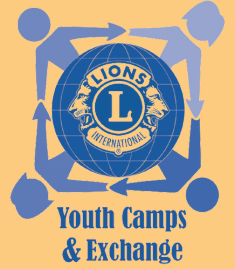
TOUR

4

- National Institute of Anthropology and History.
- Chapultepec Castle.
- Latin American Tower.
- Soumaya Museum.
- Teotihuacan.



# Activities



## Bernal Peak

At 433 meters (1420 ft) it is the fourth-tallest monolith in the world, after Mount Augustus, the Rock of Gibraltar and Sugarloaf Mountain.

## Xofafi caves

Explore the underground, and the several zipline circuits outside of the caves. At night discover the dwellers of this place; the bats, Xoxafi is a natural reserve housing five bat species but don't worry, they're vegetarian.



## Tolantongo

It is located in the mountains and it has natural hot springs, waterfalls, and thermal pools.

## The Basaltic Prisms of Huasca de Ocampo.

This prisms were formed 2.5 millions of years ago by the slow cooling of volcanic lava and average between 30 and 50 meters in height. Rock column formations like these are very rare, but can be seen in a few other places in the world including the Giant's Causeway in Northern Ireland, the Devil's Postpile in California, and Fingal's Cave in Scotland.





# Activities



## The Acosta Mine in Real del Monte

The history of the Acosta Mine starts with the mining claim made by Thomas Antonio de Navarrete in 1727. After 1824, with the arrival of an English company to the Real del Monte and Pachuca district, with Cornish type steam engines to drain the mines, huge engine houses were built in order to house them.

## Teotihuacan

The holy city of Teotihuacan ('the place where the gods were created'), it is characterized by the vast size of its monuments – in particular, the Temple of Quetzalcoatl and the Pyramids of the Sun and the Moon, laid out on geometric and symbolic principles. As one of the most powerful cultural centres in Mesoamerica.



## Chapultepec Castle

The Construction of the building began in 1785, still well within the viceregal period. Originally created as a summer home for the viceroy, Bernardo de Gálvez who ordered it's construction. The historic castle hosts the National History Museum.

## Latin American Tower

At 44 stories, the skyscraper stands at 166 meters in height and extends some distance into the lakebed and bedrock beneath the city. It's famous worldwide as the first skyscraper successfully built in a highly active seismic zone.

